



2018 Annual

Water Quality Report

St. Louis County/St. Charles County
PWS ID: M06010716



MISSOURI
AMERICAN WATER



Este informe contiene información muy importante sobre su agua potable. Tradúzcalo o hable con alguien que lo entienda bien.

A Message from the Missouri American Water President

To Our Valued Customers:

Few things make me more proud to be the President of Missouri American Water than the quality of the water we produce. And while I encourage you to review details about your local water quality in the following pages, I want to first take a moment to focus on the “how” behind that information.



Missouri American Water spent nearly \$200 million in 2018 upgrading infrastructure around the state. Those funds went toward replacing more than 50 miles of our 6,800-mile network of water mains. They went toward major upgrades at our treatment plants to enhance water treatment and keep water flowing. We were able to purchase struggling water systems and provide needed upgrades to ensure more Missouri residents have access to safe, reliable water. We performed numerous smaller projects to make sure our systems remained in compliance with all state and federal regulations. In addition, as leaders in the water industry, we investigated and implemented new technologies, participated in national water quality studies, and formed partnerships with local and national organizations focused on providing the highest quality water.

We did all this while producing some of the safest, cleanest water in the industry. Our six surface water treatment plants and 29 groundwater treatment plants produced more than 75 billion gallons of water in 2018 and distributed it safely to your home or business.

I am so proud of that. Our water quality team’s mission statement reads, “Passionately ensuring exceptional water quality for our communities to protect and maintain public health while demonstrating environmental leadership.” The team did a phenomenal job on that mission in 2018, and you can continue to expect similar high-quality water in 2019.

I encourage you to take a few minutes to review the data included here and educate yourself about what is in your water. This report provides important information about your drinking water, its quality, and the testing we conduct. If you have any questions, I encourage you to reach out to us on our website or by phone at 866-430-0820.

Cheryl Norton
President

What is a Water Quality Report?

To comply with state and U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) regulations, Missouri American Water issues a report annually describing the quality of your drinking water. The purpose of this report is to raise your understanding of drinking water and awareness of the need to protect drinking water sources. Last year, we conducted tests for hundreds of contaminants. This report provides an overview of the most recent water quality data available. It includes details about where your water comes from and what it contains.

If you have any questions about this report or your drinking water, please call our Customer Service Center at (toll-free) (866) 430-0820.



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About Missouri American Water

Missouri American Water, a subsidiary of American Water (NYSE: AWK), is the largest investor-owned water utility in the state, providing high-quality and reliable water and/or wastewater services to approximately 1.5 million people.

With a history dating back to 1886, American Water is the largest and most geographically diverse U.S. publicly traded water and wastewater utility company. The company employs more than 6,900 dedicated professionals who provide regulated and market-based drinking water, wastewater and other related services to an estimated 15 million people in 46 states and Ontario, Canada. American Water provides safe, clean, affordable and reliable water services to our customers to make sure we keep their lives flowing. For more information, visit amwater.com and follow American Water on Twitter, Facebook and LinkedIn.

How to Contact Us

For more information regarding this report or any of the other services provided by Missouri American Water, please call our Customer Service Center at (toll-free) (866) 430-0820, or you may visit us at www.missouriamwater.com.

Partnership for Safe Drinking Water Program

Our water treatment plants are members of the Partnership for Safe Water. The Partnership is a national voluntary initiative developed by the Environmental Protection Agency (USEPA) and other water organizations to recognize water suppliers that consistently achieve water treatment standards that surpass USEPA regulatory requirements. Less than one percent of water utilities in the U.S. have achieved this recognition.



Source Water Information

Missouri American Water supplies quality drinking water to around 365,000 customers in St. Louis County, St. Charles County and northern Jefferson County. Approximately 80 percent of our surface water comes from the Missouri River, which borders our service area on the north and the west. Nearly 20 percent comes from the Meramec River in south St. Louis County. Both rivers have a plentiful supply of water that responds well to conventional, though rigorous, drinking water treatment processes. Missouri American Water occasionally purchases a small quantity of water from the City of St. Louis Water Division, which also uses the Missouri River as a source of water. For more information about this water supply, contact the [City of St. Louis Water Division](http://www.cityofstlouis.gov) at (314) 868-5640. More information on your source water is available at <http://drinkingwater.missouri.edu/swip/swipmaps/pwsid.htm>. To access the information for your water system you will need the State-assigned code (PWSID), which is printed at the top of this report.

Protecting our Water Quality at the Source

We can all help protect the quality of water coming from our faucets by first protecting the quality of water in our rivers.

We all live in a watershed – an area of land that drains to a waterway. When it rains or snows, water travels across the ground on its journey to a river or stream. Along the way, it picks up any pollutants that may be found on lawns, streets and farmland.

Working together we can minimize these pollutants and protect our rivers, starting with six simple steps.

- Recycle – don't litter.
- Remember that storm inlets drain to rivers – don't pour oil or chemicals in the street.
- Plant native plants. They support wildlife, help preserve our natural diversity and require no fertilizer or herbicides.
- Use lawn chemicals sparingly and follow directions.
- Plant a rain garden to capture runoff from rainwater.
- Join a local stream clean-up team.

A graphic advertisement for water utility services. It features a hand holding a glass of water, with a tap above it. The background shows a stylized landscape with a river, a house, a water tower, and a water treatment plant. The text reads: "There's a lot more to your water bill than just water." Below this, it says: "When you turn on the tap, it's easy to see what your water bill buys. What's not as easy to see is what it takes to bring that water to your home. The miles of pipeline hidden below the ground. The facilities that draw water from the source. The plant where it's treated and tested. The scientists, engineers, and maintenance crews working around the clock to make sure that water is always there when you need it. Your water payments are helping to build a better tomorrow by supporting needed improvements that will keep water flowing for all of us—today and well into the future. All for less than a penny a gallon." At the bottom, there is a logo for American Water Works Company, Inc. and the text: "WE CARE ABOUT WATER. IT'S WHAT WE DO. FIND OUT WHY YOU SHOULD, TOO, at amwater.com." © 2012 American Water Works Company, Inc. All rights reserved.

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Water Information Sources

Missouri American Water

www.missouriamwater.com

Missouri Department of Natural Resources

www.dnr.mo.gov

United States Environmental Protection Agency

www.epa.gov/safewater

Safe Drinking Water Hotline: (800) 426-4791

Centers for Disease Control and Prevention

www.cdc.gov

American Water Works Association

www.drinktap.org

Water Quality Association

www.wqa.org

National Library of Medicine/National Institute of Health

www.medlineplus.gov/drinkingwater.html

Substances Expected to be in Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and groundwater wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

Microbial Contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.

Inorganic Contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or may result from urban stormwater runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.

Pesticides and Herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources, such as agriculture, urban stormwater runoff, and residential uses.

Organic Chemical Contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban stormwater runoff, and septic systems.

Radioactive Contaminants, which can be naturally occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

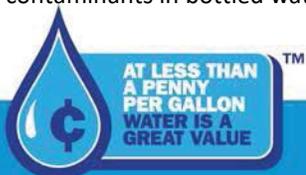
For more information about the contaminants and potential health effects, call the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Special Health Information

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-compromised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants may be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. USEPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by *Cryptosporidium* and other microbial contaminants are available from the USEPA's Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800) 426-4791.

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. Missouri American Water is responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. We take steps to reduce the potential for lead to leach from your pipes into the water. This is accomplished by maintaining the quality of your water leaving the treatment facilities. There are steps that you can take to reduce your household's exposure to lead in drinking water. For more information, please review our Lead and Drinking Water Fact Sheet <https://amwater.com/moaw/water-quality/lead-and-drinking-water>. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at <http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead>.

To ensure that tap water is of high quality, U.S. Environmental Protection Agency prescribes regulations limiting the amount of certain substances in water provided by public water systems. U.S. Food and Drug Administration regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water, which must provide the same protection for public health.



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How to Read the Tables

Missouri American Water conducts extensive monitoring to ensure that your water meets all water quality standards. The most recent results of our monitoring are reported in the following tables. Certain substances are monitored less than once per year because the levels do not change frequently. For help with interpreting these tables, see the “Definitions of Terms” section.

Starting with a **Substance**, read across. **Year Sampled** is the most recent test year. **MCL** shows the highest level of substance (contaminant) allowed. **MCLG** is the goal level for that substance (this may be lower than what is allowed). **Results** represents the measured amount (less is better). **Range** tells the highest and lowest amounts measured. A **Yes** under **Compliance Achieved** means the amount of the substance met government requirements. **Typical Source** tells where the substance usually originates.

Unregulated substances are measured, but maximum contaminant levels have not been established by the government.

Definitions of Terms

AL (Action Level): The concentration of a contaminant, which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements, which a water system must follow.

MCL (Maximum Contaminant Level): The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

MCLG (Maximum Contaminant Level Goal): The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

MRDL (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level): The highest level of disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

MRDLG (Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal): The level of drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contamination.

NA: Not applicable

ND: Not detected

pCi/L (picocuries per liter): Measurement of the natural rate of disintegration of radioactive contaminants in water (also beta particles).

ppm (parts per million): One part substance per million parts water, or milligrams per liter.

ppb (parts per billion): One part substance per billion parts water, or micrograms per liter.

TT (Treatment Technique): A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Water Quality Statement

We are pleased to report that during the past year, the water delivered to your home or business complied with all state and federal drinking water requirements. For your information, we have compiled tables showing the most recent water quality data available. Although all of the substances listed below are under the Maximum Contaminant Level (MCL) set by the USEPA, we feel it is important that you know exactly what was detected and how much of the substance was present in the water. For additional information concerning our results, please contact our customer service department at (toll-free) (866) 430-0820. Monitoring is also done under the USEPA Unregulated Contaminant Monitoring Rule (UCMR). Data is available on the [USEPA’s web site](#).

There are many unforeseen and unpredictable factors that may introduce contaminants into our source water. The Missouri Department of Natural Resources routinely monitors all public water supplies to ensure public health is protected. Source Water Assessments have been assembled by the Missouri Department of Natural Resources to evaluate the susceptibility of contamination to our drinking water sources. For more information about these assessments call the Missouri Department of Natural Resources at (800) 361-4827.



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Water Quality Results

Regulated Substances (Water Leaving the Treatment Facility)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Missouri River Facilities		Meramec River Facilities		Compliance Achieved	Typical Source
				Results	Range Low-High	Results	Range Low-High		
2,4-D (ppb)	2018	70	70	0.17	0.1 – 0.2	ND	ND	Yes	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Atrazine (ppb)	2018	3	3	0.13	ND – 0.3	ND	ND	Yes	Runoff from herbicide used on row crops
Chloramines (ppm)	2018	TT	NA	1.7	1.7 – 3.2	1.6	1.6 – 3.1	Yes	Water additive used to control microbes
Fluoride (ppm)	2018	4	4	0.6	0.3 – 0.8	0.6	0.5 – 0.8	Yes	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories
Nitrate (as N) (ppm)	2018	10	10	2.2	2.2 – 2.3	0.5	0.4 – 0.5	Yes	Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits
Selenium (ppb)	2018	50	50	2	2	ND	ND	Yes	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines
Total Organic Carbon	2018	TT	NA	3.1	2.4 – 4.1	1.6	1.0 – 3.1	Yes	Naturally present in the environment

Turbidity - A Measure of the Clarity of the Water (Water Leaving the Treatment Facility)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Missouri River	Meramec River	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source
				Highest Single Measurement	Highest Single Measurement		
Turbidity (NTU)	2018	TT	NA	0.17	0.13	Yes	Soil runoff

Bacterial Results (In the Distribution System)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Highest Percentage Detected	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source
E. Coli	2018	TT	0	0%	Yes	Naturally present in the environment

Regulated Substances (In the Distribution System)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	MCL	MCLG	Results	Range Low-High	Compliance Achieved	Typical Source
Chloramines (ppm)	2018	MRDL = 4	MRDLG = 4	2.8	2.3 – 2.8	Yes	Water additive used to control microbes
HAA5 [Haloacetic Acids] (ppb)	2018	60	NA	23.8	6.2 – 35.3	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection
TTHM [Total trihalomethanes] (ppb)	2018	80	NA	38.9	2.8 – 61.2	Yes	By-product of drinking water disinfection



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Lead and Copper Results (In the Distribution System)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	Action Level	MCLG	Number of Samples	90th Percentile	Number of Samples Above Action Level	Typical Source
Copper (ppm)	2016	AL = 1.3	1.3	50	ND	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives
Lead (ppb)	2016	AL = 15	0	50	3	0	Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits

Unregulated Substances (Water Leaving the Treatment Facility)

Substance (units)	Year Sampled	Missouri River		Meramec River		Typical Source
		Results	Range Low-High	Results	Range Low-High	
Boron (ppb)	2018	64	61 – 68	ND	ND	Naturally occurring; Runoff from air deposition and soil; Industrial waste
Calcium (ppm)	2018	24	22 – 26	18	17 - 19	Naturally occurring
Chlorate (ppb)	2018	NA	NA	190	130 - 290	By-product of disinfection process; Agricultural defoliant or desiccant; Used in production of chlorine dioxide
Chloride (ppm)	2018	25	23 – 26	37	31 - 42	Naturally occurring; Runoff from road de-icing, fertilizers, septic tanks, industrial uses
Magnesium (ppm)	2018	18	3 – 27	15	2 – 30	Naturally occurring
Potassium (ppm)	2018	6	6 – 7	ND	ND	Naturally occurring
Sodium (ppm)	2018	35	34 – 37	13	13	Naturally occurring
Strontium (ppb)	2018	160	100 – 200	ND	ND	Naturally occurring element; historically, commercial use of strontium has been in the faceplate glass of cathode-ray tube televisions to block x-ray emissions
Sulfate (ppm)	2018	128	124 – 134	12	12 - 13	Naturally occurring; Mining or industrial waste
Total Dissolved Solids (ppm)	2018	314	304 – 320	168	166 – 170	Naturally occurring
Vanadium (ppb)	2018	5	4 – 5	ND	ND	Naturally occurring elemental metal; used as vanadium pentoxide which is a chemical intermediate and a catalyst

Additional Water Quality Research

Cryptosporidium is a microbial pathogen found in surface water throughout the United States. Although *Cryptosporidium* can be removed through commonly used filtration methods, USEPA issued a rule in January 2006 that requires systems with higher *Cryptosporidium* levels in their source water to provide additional treatment. An initial round of monitoring showed elevated levels of *Cryptosporidium* in the Missouri River, so in 2011 we completed a year-long Demonstration of Performance project, approved by the MDNR, which shows that our current treatment process is effective at removing *Cryptosporidium*. A second round of monitoring began in 2015, which has shown elevated levels of *Cryptosporidium* on the Meramec River. Preliminary tests show that the treatment in place for the Meramec River is also effective at removing *Cryptosporidium*. We continue to monitor our processes to ensure all applicable standards are met.

Missouri American Water performs annual radionuclide testing in the Missouri River in North St. Louis County. Results are available at http://www.amwater.com/ccr/stlouisregion_rads.pdf. Additionally, the most recent tests conducted on the water leaving all four St. Louis County treatment facilities found no radiological compounds present.



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Substances Tested For But Not Detected (Water Leaving the Treatment Facility)

1,1,1-Trichloroethane	Bentazon	Iron – Total
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	Benzene	Lead – Total
1,1-Dichloroethene	Benzo(a)pyrene	m,p-Xylene
1,2-Dibromoethane (EDB)	Beryllium – Total	Manganese – Total
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Boron	Mercury – Total
1,2-Dibromo-3-chloropropane	Bromate	Methomyl
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	Cadmium – Total	Methoxychlor
1,2-Dichloroethane	Carbaryl (Sevin)	Methyl tert-Butyl ether (MTBE)
1,2-Dichloropropane	Carbofuran	Methylene chloride
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	Carbon tetrachloride	Molybdenum – Total
2,4,5-T	Chlorobenzene	Nickel – Total
2,4,5-TP (Silvex)	Chromium – Total	Nitrite – N
2,4-D	cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	Oxamyl (Vydate)
2,4-DB	Cobalt – Total	o-Xylene
3,5-Dichlorobenzoic acid	Copper – Total	Pentachlorophenol
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	Cyanide – Total	Perchlorate
Acifluorfen	Dacthal	Picloram
Alachlor	Dalapon	Radium, Combined
Aldicarb	Di(2-ethylhexyl)adipate	Silica – Total
Aldicarb Sulfone	Di(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Silver – Total
Aldicarb Sulfoxide	Dicamba	Simazine (Princep)
Aluminum – Total	Dichloroprop	Styrene
Alpha emitters	Dinoseb	Technical Chlordane
Antimony – Total	Diquat	Tetrachloroethene (PCE)
Aroclor-1016	Endothall	Thallium – Total
Aroclor-1221	Endrin	Toluene
Aroclor-1232	Ethyl Benzene	Total PCBs
Aroclor-1242	gamma-BHC (Lindane)	Toxaphene
Aroclor-1248	Glyphosate	trans-1,2-Dichloroethene
Aroclor-1254	Heptachlor	Trichloroethene (TCE)
Aroclor-1260	Heptachlor epoxide	Vinyl Chloride
Arsenic – Total	Hexachlorobenzene	Xylene – Total
Barium – Total	Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	Zinc – Total



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